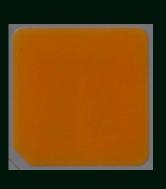




# Bridgelux® SMD 5050 F90 1W 6V

**Product Data Sheet DS906** 

# SMD 5050



## Introduction

Bridgelux Fgo Series combine unique phosphor and packaging technology to achieve today's CRI80 LED flux with a CRI of go. It can be incorporated in virtually any luminaire (such as linear lamps, downlights, spotlights, high-bay) and can increase the vividness of strong red colors which is particularly desirable in retail applications.

## **Features**

- Industry-standard 5050 footprint
- Enables 3- and 6-step MacAdam ellipse custom binning kits
- · RoHS compliant and lead free
- Multiple CCT configurations for a wide range of lighting applications

## Benefits

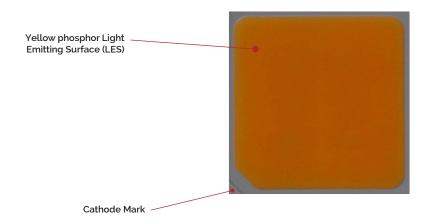
- · Lower operating and manufacturing cost
- Ease of design and rapid go-to-market
- · Uniform, consistent white light
- Reliable and constant white point
- Compliant with environmental standards
- Design flexibility

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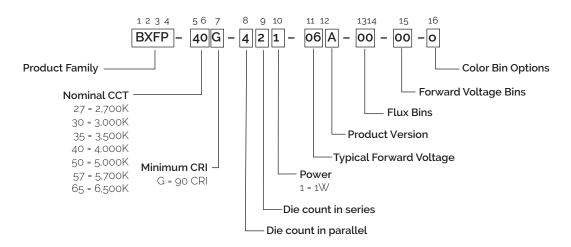
## **Product Feature Map**

Bridgelux SMD LED products come in industry standard package sizes and follow ANSI binning standards. These LEDs are optimized for cost and performance, helping to ensure highly competitive system lumen per dollar performance while addressing the stringent efficacy and reliability standards required for modern lighting applications.



## **Product Nomenclature**

The part number designation for Bridgelux SMD 5050 is explained as follows:



### **Product Test Conditions**

Bridgelux SMD 5050 LEDs are tested and binned with a 10ms pulse of 180mA at  $T_j$  (junction temperature)= $T_{sp}$  (solder point temperatu

## **Product Selection Guide**

The following product configurations are available:

**Table 1:** Selection Guide, Pulsed Measurement Data at 180mA (T<sub>i</sub>=T<sub>sp</sub>=25°C)

Part Number <sup>1,6</sup>	Nominal CCT <sup>2</sup> (K)	CRI <sup>3.5</sup>	Nominal Drive Current	Forward Voltage⁵ (V)		Typical Pulsed Flux (lm)4.5	Typical Power	Typical Efficacy (lm/W)	
	\r\/		(mA)	Min	Typical	Max	Flux (IIII)"*	(W)	(III) W)
BXFP-27G-421-06A-00-00-0	2700	90	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	175	1.0	177
BXFP-30G-421-06A-00-00-0	3000	89	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	180	1.0	182
BXFP-35G-421-06A-00-00-0	3500	88.5	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	182	1.0	184
BXFP-40G-421-06A-00-00-0	4000	87.5	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	192	1.0	194
BXFP-50G-421-06A-00-00-0	5000	88.5	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	192	1.0	194
BXFP-57G-421-06A-00-00-0	5700	88.5	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	188	1.0	190
BXFP-65G-421-06A-00-00-0	6500	88.5	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	188	1.0	190

**Table 2:** Selection Guide, Pulsed Test Performance (T<sub>sp</sub> = 60°C)<sup>7,8</sup>

Part Number <sup>1,6</sup>	Nominal CCT <sup>2</sup>	CRI <sup>3,5</sup>	Nominal Drive Current	Forward Voltage <sup>4.5</sup> (V)		_		Typical Pulsed	Typical Power	Typical Efficacy
	(K)		(mA)	Min	Typical	Max	- Flux (lm)⁵	(W)	(lm/W)	
BXFP-27G-421-06A-00-00-0	2700	90	180	5.1	5.4	5.7	166	1.0	169	
BXFP-30G-421-06A-00-00-0	3000	90	180	5.1	5.4	5.7	171	1.0	174	
BXFP-35G-421-06A-00-00-0	3500	90	180	5.1	5.4	5.7	172	1.0	176	
BXFP-40G-421-06A-00-00-0	4000	90	180	5.1	5.4	5.7	182	1.0	180	
BXFP-50G-421-06A-00-00-0	5000	90	180	5.1	5.4	5.7	182	1.0	180	
BXFP-57G-421-06A-00-00-0	5700	90	180	5.1	5.4	5.7	178	1.0	182	
BXFP-65G-421-06A-00-00-0	6500	90	180	5.1	5.4	5.7	178	1.0	182	

#### Notes for Tables 1 & 2:

- 1. The last 6 characters (including hyphens '-') refer to flux bins, forward voltage bins, and color bin options, respectively. "00-00-0" denotes the full distribution of flux, forward voltage, and 6 SDCM color.
  - Example: BXFP-40G-421-06A-00-00-0 refers to the full distribution of flux, forward voltage, and color within a 4000K 6-step ANSI standard chromaticity region with a minimum of 87.5 CRI and typical of 90 CRI, 4x2 die configuration, 1w power, 5.5V typical forward voltage.
- 2. Product CCT is the nominal CCT at Tsp = 60°C as defined by ANSI C78.377-2011.
- 3. Listed CRIs are minimum values at corresponding temperatures and include test tolerance.
- 4. Products tested under pulsed condition (10ms pulse width) at nominal drive current
- 5. Bridgelux maintains a ±7.5% tolerance on flux measurements, ±0.15V tolerance on forward voltage measurements, and ±2 tolerance on CRI measurements for the SMD 5050.
- 6. Refer to Table 6 and Table 7 for Bridgelux SMD5050 flux Binning and Forward Voltage Binning information.
- 7. Typical pulsed test performance values are provided as reference only and are not a guarantee of performance.
- 8. Typical performance is estimated based on operation under pulsed current with LED emitter mounted onto a heat sink with thermal interface material and the solder point temperature maintained at 60°C. Based on Bridgelux test setup, values may vary depending on the thermal design of the luminaire and/or the exposed environment to which the product is subjected.
- g. In order to ensure the accuracy of the test by Everfine sphere the test model suggest to use conventional test preheat for 30ms integrating time for 20ms. If using pulse model, pulse width suggest to use IP 80-90%. Hot cold test must use conventional test and wavelength accuracy is required to be 1nm. The test conditions must be fixed.

# Performance at Commonly Used Drive Currents

SMD 5050 LEDs are tested to the specifications shown using the nominal drive currents in Table 1. SMD 5050 may also be driven at other drive currents dependent on specific application design requirements. The performance at any drive current can be derived from the current vs. voltage characteristics shown in Figure 2 and the relative luminous flux vs. current characteristics shown in Figure 3. The performance at commonly used drive currents is summarized in Table 3.

Table 3: Performance at Commonly Used Drive Currents

Part Number	Drive Current¹ (mA)	Typical V <sub>f</sub> T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (V)	Typical Power T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (W)	Typical Pulsed Flux² T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (lm)	Typical Pulsed Flux² T <sub>sp</sub> = 60°C (lm)	Typical Efficacy T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (lm/W)
	30	5.20	0.2	28	27	182
	90	5.34	0.5	88	84	184
BXFP-27G-421-06A-00-00-0	150	5.45	0.8	147	139	179
DX11 274 421 00/1 00 00 0	180	5.50	1.0	175	166	177
	300	5.68	1.7	285	270	167
	360	5.76	2.1	339	319	163
	30	5.20	0.2	29	28	187
	90	5.34	0.5	91	86	189
DVED and and and an an	150	5.45	0.8	151	143	184
BXFP-30G-421-06A-00-00-0	180	5.50	1.0	180	171	182
	300	5.68	1.7	293	278	172
	360	5.76	2.1	349	329	168
	30	5.20	0.2	29	28	189
	90	5.34	0.5	92	87	191
D)/50	150	5.45	0.8	152	145	186
BXFP-35G-421-06A-00-00-0	180	5.50	1.0	182	172	184
	300	5.68	1.7	296	281	174
	360	5.76	2.1	353	332	170
	30	5.20	0.2	31	30	200
	90	5.34	0.5	97	92	202
	150	5.45	0.8	161	152	197
BXFP-40G-421-06A-00-00-0	180	5.50	1.0	192	182	194
	300	5.68	1.7	313	296	183
-	360	5.76	2.1	372	350	179
	30	5.20	0.2	31	30	200
-	90	5.34	0.5	97	92	202
-	150	5.45	0.8	161	152	197
BXFP-50G-421-06A-00-00-0	180	5.50	1.0	192	182	194
-	300	5.68	1.7	313	296	183
-	360	5.76	2.1	372	350	179
	30	5.20	0.2	30	29	195
-	90	5.34	0.5	95	90	197
-	150	5.45	0.8	157	149	193
BXFP-57G-421-06A-00-00-0	180	5.50	1.0	188	178	193 190
-	300	5.68	1.7	306	290	180
-	360	5.76	2.1	364	343	176

#### Notes for Table 3:

- 1. Alternate drive currents in Table 3 are provided for reference only and are not a guarantee of performance.
- 2. Bridgelux maintains a  $\pm$  7.5% tolerance on flux measurements.
- 3. Typical stabilized pulsed performance values are provided as reference only and are not a guarantee of performance.

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Table 3: Performance at Commonly Used Drive Currents (Continued)

Part Number	Drive Current¹ (mA)	Typical V <sub>f</sub> T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (V)	Typical Power T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (W)	Typical Pulsed Flux <sup>2</sup> T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (lm)	Typical Pulsed Flux <sup>2</sup> T <sub>sp</sub> = 60°C (lm)	Typical Efficacy T <sub>sp</sub> = 25°C (lm/W)
	30	5.20	0.2	30	29	195
	90	5.34	0.5	95	90	197
BXFP-65G-421-06A-00-00-0	150	5.45	0.8	157	149	193
BXFP-05G-421-00A-00-00-0	180	5.50	1.0	188	178	190
	300	5.68	1.7	306	290	180
	360	5.76	2.1	364	343	176

#### Notes for Table 3:

- 1. Alternate drive currents in Table 3 are provided for reference only and are not a guarantee of performance.
- 2. Bridgelux maintains a ± 7.5% tolerance on flux measurements.
- 3. Typical stabilized pulsed performance values are provided as reference only and are not a guarantee of performance.

Table 4: Electrical Characteristics

	Forward Voltage (V) 1.2  Drive Current		Typical Temperature Coefficient	Typical Thermal Resistance			
Part Number	(mA)	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	of Forward Voltage ∆V,∕∆T (mV/°C)	Junction to Solder Point R <sub>j-sp</sub> (°C/W)	
BXFP-XXG-421-06A-00-00-0	180	5.2	5.5	5.8	-1.87	3.2	

#### Notes for Table 4:

- 1. Bridgelux maintains a tolerance of  $\pm$  0.15V on forward voltage measurements. Voltage minimum and maximum values at the nominal drive current are guaranteed by 100% test.
- 2. Products tested under pulsed condition (10ms pulse width) at nominal drive current where Tsp = 25°C.
- 3. Thermal resistance value was calculated using total electrical input power; optical power was not subtracted from input power.

# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5: Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Maximum Rating			
LED Junction Temperature (T <sub>j</sub> )	125°C			
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +105°C			
Operating Solder Point Temperature (T <sub>Sp</sub> )	-40°C to +105°C			
Soldering Temperature	260°C or lower for a maximum of 10 seconds			
Maximum Drive Current	360mA			
Maximum Peak Pulsed Forward Current <sup>1</sup>	675mA			
Maximum Reverse Voltage²	-			
Moisture Sensitivity Rating <sup>3</sup>	MSL4			
Electrostatic Discharge	2kV HBM. JEDEC-JS-001-HBM and JEDEC-JS-001-2012			

Notes for Table 5:

<sup>1.</sup> Bridgelux recommends a maximum duty cycle of 10% and pulse width of 10 ms when operating LED SMD at maximum peak pulsed current specified. Maximum peak pulsed current indicate values where LED SMD can be driven without catastrophic failures.

<sup>2.</sup> Light emitting diodes are not designed to be driven in reverse voltage and will not produce light under this condition. no rating is provided

<sup>3.</sup> The product is sensitive to moisture. It is not recommended for use in outdoor application or damp environment .

# **Product Bin Definitions**

Table 6 lists the standard photometric luminous flux bins for Bridgelux SMD 5050 LEDs. Although several bins are listed, product availability in a particular bin varies by production run and by product performance. Not all bins are available in all CCTs.

**Table 6:** Luminous flux Bin Definitions at 180mA,  $T_{\rm sp}$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C

Bin Code	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Condition
Z1	160	170		
Z2	170	180	lm	I <sub>r</sub> =180mA
Z <sub>3</sub>	180	190	ł lm	I <sup>E</sup> =100IJIW
Z4	190	200		

Note for Table 6:

**Table 7:** Forward Voltage Bin Definition at 180mA,  $T_{\rm sp}$ =25  $^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 

Bin Code	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Condition
BL	5.2	5.4		
ВМ	5.4	5.6	V	I <sub>F</sub> =180mA
BN	5.6	5.8		

Note for Table 7:

<sup>1.</sup> Bridgelux maintains a tolerance of ± 7.5% on flux measurements.

<sup>1.</sup> Bridgelux maintains a tolerance of  $\pm$  0.15V on forward voltage measurements.

# **Product Bin Definitions**

Table 8: MacAdam Ellipse Color Bin Definitions

сст	Calar Succes	Cente	r Point	Major Axis	Minor Axis	Ellipse	Color Bin
	Color Space	Х	Υ	Major Axis Millor Axis		Rotation Angle	Cotor Bin
	3 SDCM	0.4578	0.4101	0.0081	0.0042	53.70	1
2700K	6 SDCM	0.4578	0.4101	0.0162	0.0084	53.70	1/A/B/C/D
	3 SDCM	0.4338	0.4030	0.00834	0.00408	53.22	1
3000K	6 SDCM	0.4338	0.4030	0.01668	0.00816	53.22	1/A/B/C/D
	3 SDCM	0.4073	0.3917	0.00927	0.00414	54.00	1
3500K	6 SDCM	0.4073	0.3917	0.01854	0.00828	54.00	1/A/B/C/D
	3 SDCM	0.3818	0.3797	0.00939	0.00402	53.72	1
4000K	6 SDCM	0.3818	0.3797	0.01878	0.00804	53.72	1/A/B/C/D
	3 SDCM	0.3447	0.3553	0.00822	0.00354	59.62	1
5000K	6 SDCM	0.3447	0.3553	0.01644	0.00708	59.62	1/A/B/C/D
57001/	3 SDCM	0.3287	0.3417	0.00746	0.00320	59.09	1
5700K	6 SDCM	0.3287	0.3417	0.01492	0.00640	59.09	1/A/B/C/D
	3 SDCM	0.3123	0.3282	0.00669	0.00285	58.56	1
6500K	6 SDCM	0.3123	0.3282	0.01338	0.0057	58.56	1/A/B/C/D

#### Notes for Table 8:

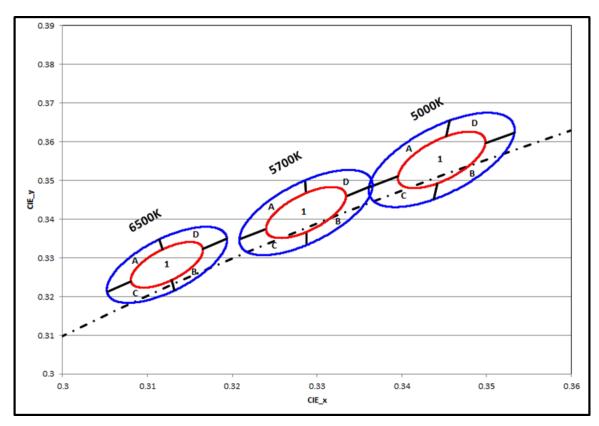
<sup>1.</sup> Color binning at  $\rm T_{\rm sp}\text{=}60^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise specified

<sup>2.</sup> Bridgelux maintains a tolerance of  $\pm$  0.007 on x and y color coordinates in the CIE 1931 color space.

# **Product Bin Definitions**

0.4300 2700K 0.4200 3000K 0.4100 0.4000 0.3900 0.3800 0.3700 0.3600 0.3500 0.3800 0.4000 0.4200 0.4400 0.4600 0.4800 0.3600 CIE\_x

Figure 1: C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram (5 Color Bin Structure, Hot-color Targeted at T<sub>so</sub>=60°C)



# Performance Curves

Figure 2: Drive Current vs Forward Voltage

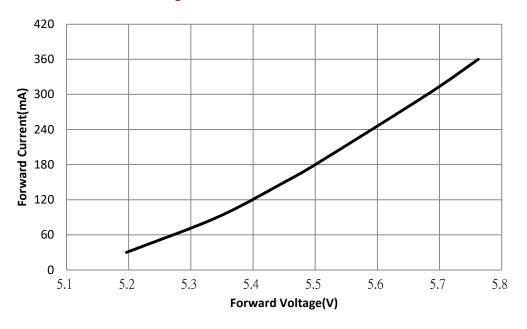
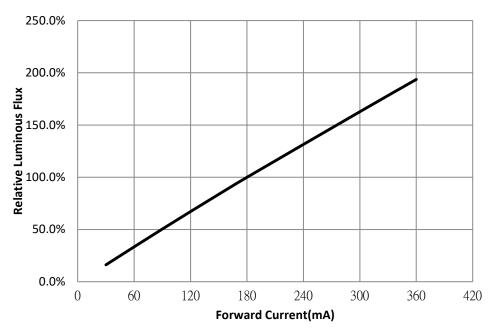


Figure 3: Typical Relative Luminous Flux vs. Test Current<sup>1</sup> (T<sub>cn</sub>=25°C)



Note for Figure 3:

<sup>1.</sup> Pulse width modulation (PWM) is recommended for dimming effects.

## Performance Curves

Figure 4: Typical Relative Flux vs. Solder Point Temperature

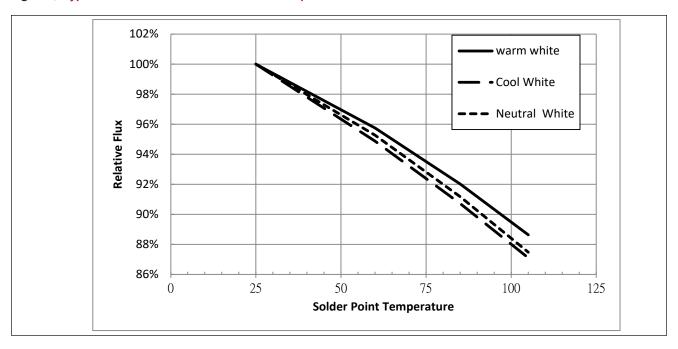
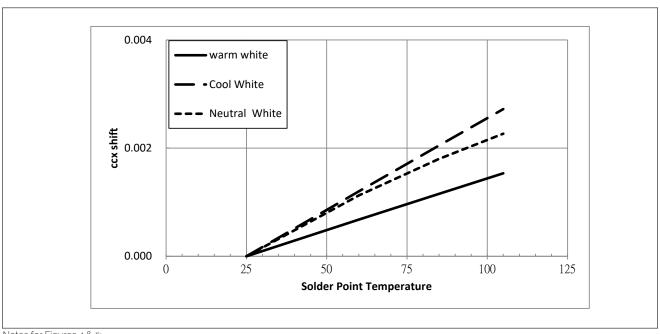


Figure 5: Typical ccx Shift vs. Solder Point Temperature



Notes for Figures 4 & 5:

- 1. Characteristics shown for warm white based on 3000K and 90 CRI.
- 2. Characteristics shown for neutral white based on 4000K and 90 CRI.
- 3. Characteristics shown for cool white based on 5000K and 90 CRI.
- 4. For other color SKUs, the shift in color will vary. Please contact your Bridgelux Sales Representative for more information

## Performance Curves

0.000 warm white -0.002 - Cool White -0.004 Neutral White -0.006 ccy shift -0.008 -0.010 -0.012 -0.014 -0.016 25 50 75 100 125 **Solder Point Temperature** 

Figure 6: Typical ccy Shift vs. Solder Point Temperature

Notes for Figure 6:

- 1. Characteristics shown for warm white based on 3000K and 90 CRI.
- 2. Characteristics shown for neutral white based on 4000K and 90 CRI.
- 3. Characteristics shown for cool white based on 5000K and 90 CRI.
- 4. For other color SKUs, the shift in color will vary. Please contact your Bridgelux Sales Representative for more information

# Typical Radiation Pattern

110.00% 100.00% 90.00% 70.00% Relative Intensity 60.00% 50.00% 40.00% 30.00% 20.00% 10.00% -105 -90 -60 -4590 Angular Displacement (°)

Figure 7: Typical Spatial Radiation Pattern at 180mA,  $T_{sp}$ =25°C

Notes for Figure 7:

- 1. Typical viewing angle is 120°.
- 2. The viewing angle is defined as the off axis angle from the centerline where luminous intensity (Iv) is ½ of the peak value.

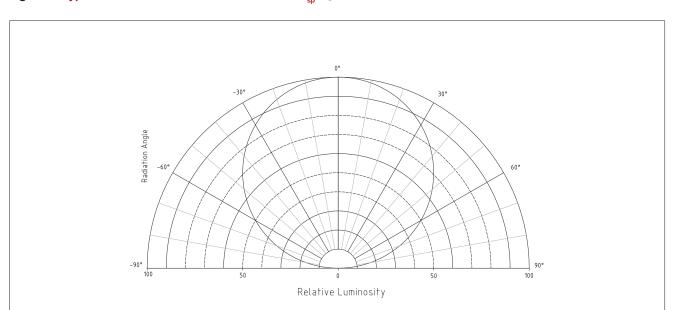
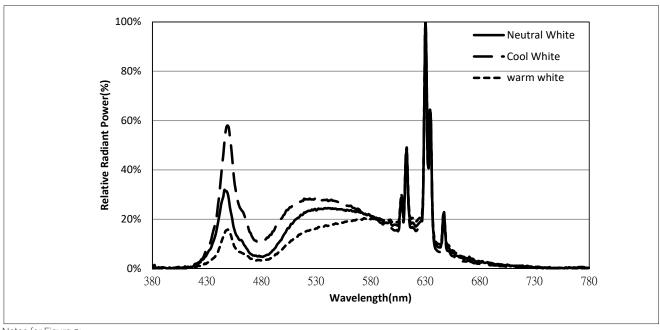


Figure 8: Typical Polar Radiation Pattern at 180mA, T<sub>sp</sub>=25°C

# Typical Color Spectrum

Figure 9: Typical Color Spectrum

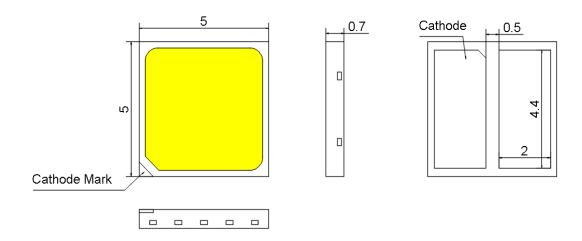


Notes for Figure 9:

- 1. Color spectra measured at nominal current for Tsp = 25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
- 2. Color spectra shown for 90 CRI products.

# Mechanical Dimensions

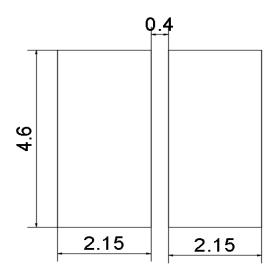
Figure 10: Drawing for SMD 5050



Notes for Figure 10:

- 1. Drawings are not to scale.
- 2. Drawing dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Unless otherwise specified, tolerances are ± 0.10mm.

## Recommended PCB Soldering Pad Pattern



# Reliability

**Table 9: Reliability Test Items and Conditions** 

No.	ltems	Reference Standard	Test Conditions	Test Current	Test Duration	Units Failed/Tested
1	Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity	J-STD-020E	T <sub>sld</sub> = 260°C, 10sec, Precondition: 60°C, 60%RH, 168hr	-	3 reflows	0/20
2	Low Temperature Storage	JESD22-A119	T <sub>a</sub> =-40°C	-	1000 hours	0/20
3	High Temperature Storage	JESD22-A103D	T <sub>a</sub> = 105°C	-	1000 hours	0/20
4	Low Temperature Operating Life	JESD22-A108D	T <sub>a</sub> =-40°C	180mA	1000 hours	0/20
5	Temperature Humidity Operating Life	JESD22-A101C	T <sub>sp</sub> =85°C, RH=85%	180mA	1000 hours	0/20
6	High Temperature Operating Life	JESD22-A108D	T <sub>sp</sub> =85°C	360mA	1000 hours	0/20
7	Power switching	IEC62717:2014	T <sub>sp</sub> = 85°C 30 sec on, 30 sec off	360mA	30000 cycles	0/20
8	Thermal Shock	JESD22-A106B	T <sub>a</sub> =-40°C ~105°C; Dwell : 15min; Transfer: 10sec	-	200 cycles	0/20
9	Temperature Cycle	JESD22-A104E	T <sub>a</sub> =-40°C ~100°C; Dwell at extreme temperature: 15min; Ramp rate < 105°C/min	-	200 cycles	0/20
10	Electrostatic Discharge	JS-001-2012	HBM, 2KV, 1.5kΩ, 100pF, Alternately positive or negative	-	-	0/20

## **Passing Criteria**

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Passing Criteria
Forward Voltage	Vf	180mA	ΔVf<10%
Luminous Flux	Fv	180mA	∆Fv<30%
Chromaticity Coordinates	(x, y)	180mA	Δu'v'<0.007

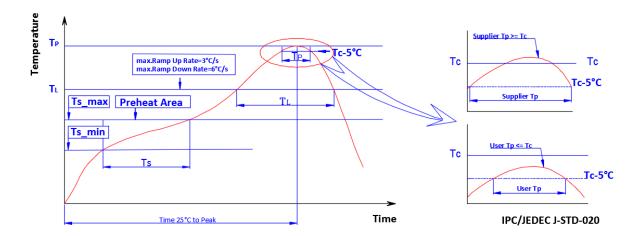
Notes for Table 9:

<sup>1.</sup> Measurements are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature

<sup>2.</sup>  $T_{\rm sld}$  : reflow soldering temperature;  $T_{\rm a}$  : ambient temperature

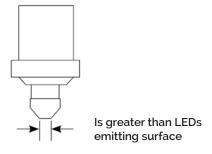
# **Reflow Characteristics**

Figure 11: Reflow Profile



Profile Feature	Lead Free Assembly
Temperature Min. (Ts_min)	160°C
Temperature Max. (Ts_max)	205°C
Time (ts) from Ts_min to Ts_max	60-150 seconds
Ramp-Up Rate (TL to Tp)	3 °C/second
Liquidus Temperature (TL)	220 °C
Time (TL) Maintained Above TL	60-150 seconds
Peak Temp( Tp)	260 °C max.
Time (Tp) Within 5 °C of the Specified Classification Temperature (Tc)	25 seconds max.
Ramp-Down Rate (Tp to TL)	5 °C/second max.
Time 25 °C to Peak Temperature	10 minutes max.

Figure 12: Pick and Place

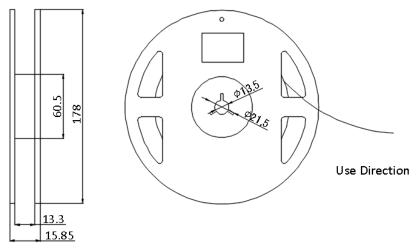


Note for Figure 12:

<sup>1.</sup> When using a pick and place machine, choose a nozzle that has a larger diameter than the LED's emitting surface. Using a Pick-and-Place nozzle with a smaller diameter than the size of the LEDs emitting surface will cause damage and may also cause the LED to not illuminate.

# Packaging

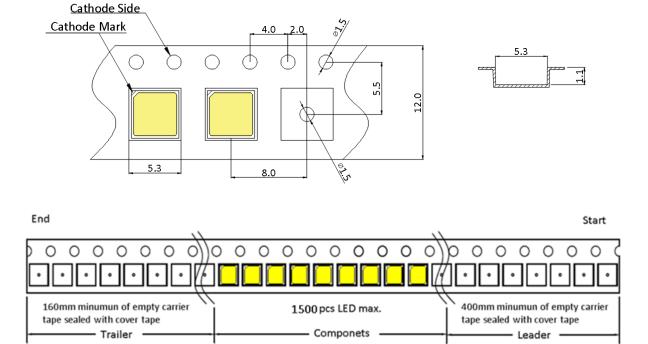
Figure 13: Emitter Reel Drawings



Note for Figure 13:

1. Drawings are not to scale. Drawing dimensions are in millimeters.

Figure 14: Emitter Tape Drawings

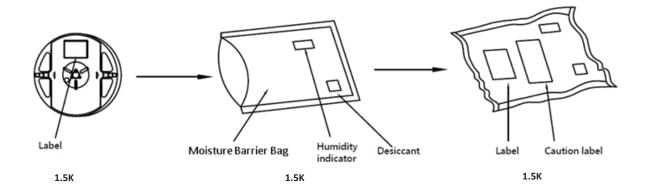


Note for Figure 14:

1. Drawings are not to scale. Drawing dimensions are in millimeters.

# Packaging

Figure 15: Emitter Reel Packaging Drawings



Note for Figure 15:

1. Drawings are not to scale.

# **Design Resources**

Please contact your Bridgelux sales representative for assistance.

## **Precautions**

## **CAUTION**

#### **CAUTION: CHEMICAL EXPOSURE HAZARD**

Exposure to some chemicals commonly used in luminaire manufacturing and assembly can cause damage to the LED emitter. Please consult Bridgelux Application Note AN51 for additional information.

## **CAUTION: EYE SAFETY**

Eye safety classification for the use of Bridgelux SMD LED emitter is in accordance with IEC specification EN62471: Photobiological Safety of Lamps and Lamp Systems. SMD LED emitters are classified as Risk Group 1 when operated at or below the maximum drive current. Please use appropriate precautions. It is important that employees working with LEDs are trained to use them safely.

## **CAUTION: RISK OF BURN**

Do not touch the SMD LED emitter during operation. Allow the emitter to cool for a sufficient period of time before handling. The SMD LED emitter may reach elevated temperatures such that could burn skin when touched.

#### **CONTACT WITH LIGHT EMITTING SURFACE (LES)**

Avoid any contact with the LES. Do not touch the LES of the emitter or apply stress to the LES (yellow phosphor resin area). Contact may cause damage to the emitter

Optics and reflectors must not be mounted in contact with the LES (yellow phosphor resin area).

## **Disclaimers**

## MINOR PRODUCT CHANGE POLICY

The rigorous qualification testing on products offered by Bridgelux provides performance assurance. Slight cosmetic changes that do not affect form, fit, or function may occur as Bridgelux continues product optimization.

#### STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS

Unless otherwise stated, LED emitter testing is performed at the nominal drive current.

# About Bridgelux: Bridging Light and Life™

At Bridgelux, we help companies, industries and people experience the power and possibility of light. Since 2002, we've designed LED solutions that are high performing, energy efficient, cost effective and easy to integrate. Our focus is on light's impact on human behavior, delivering products that create better environments, experiences and returns—both experiential and financial. And our patented technology drives new platforms for commercial and industrial luminaires.

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46410 Fremont Boulevard Fremont, CA 94538 USA Tel (925) 583-8400 Fax (925) 583-8401 www.bridgelux.com

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